

# SQL alapú Radius szolgáltatás

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Szegedi Tudományegyetem - Egyetemi Könyvtár

## Témák

- Usersfile vs. radius
- Auth\*
- Accounting

## Miről nem szól:

- \*EAP\*
- \*Hitelesítés\*
- 802.1X

# Defaultok

Un\*x Debian GNU/Linux

SQL Postgresql

Radius Freeradius

## Users

Statikus users fájlbeli bejegyzés pl.:

```
pasztor Auth-Type := Local, User-Password == "s3cr3t"  
    cisco-avpair = "shell:priv-lvl=15",  
    Service-Type = Login-User
```

Részei:

- Ellenőrzendő attributumok
- Válaszolható attributumok

## Csoportok

```
DEFAULT Group == "disabled", Auth-Type := Reject  
    Reply-Message = "Your account has been disabled."
```

## Users vs. SQL

- Szintaktikai hiba beláthatatlan zavarokat okozhat
- A users file-t vmilyen információk alapján elő kell állítani v. karban kell tartani
- Össze kell hangolni a „karbantartásokat” a SIGHUPpal
- Össze kell hangolni a „forrásadatokat” változását a „karbantartásokkal”
- nincs lehetőségünk „egyéb” kiegészítő információk tárolására

## Egyszerű WiFi-s példa

Felhasználók:

- VIP userek
- Automatikus felhasználók más adatbázis alapján
- Ideiglenes helyi accountok

## VIPEk

```
CREATE TABLE edusers (  
    id          SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,  
    UserName    VARCHAR(64) NOT NULL DEFAULT '',  
    Password    VARCHAR(253) NOT NULL DEFAULT '',  
    Comment     TEXT  
);
```

```
CREATE VIEW eduroam_radcheck AS  
    SELECT id, Username || '@bibl.u-szeged.hu'::text AS UserName,  
    'Password'::text AS Attribute, '=='::text AS op,  
    Password AS Value  
    FROM edusers;
```



## Automatikusak

```
CREATE TABLE corvusers (  
    id          SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,  
    UserName    VARCHAR(64) NOT NULL DEFAULT '',  
    Password    VARCHAR(253) NOT NULL DEFAULT '',  
    lastup     TIMESTAMP WITHOUT TIME ZONE  
);
```

```
CREATE VIEW corvina_radcheck AS  
    SELECT id, Username || '@bibl.u-szeged.hu'::text AS UserName,  
    'User-Password'::text AS Attribute, '='::text AS op,  
    Password AS Value  
FROM corvusers;
```

## Lejárások I.

```
CREATE TABLE kvf_wifi_access (  
    username TEXT,  
    start_time TIMESTAMP WITHOUT TIME ZONE DEFAULT  
        '1970-01-01 00:00:00'::timestamp without time zone,  
    valid_period INTEGER DEFAULT 0,  
    expire_date TIMESTAMP WITHOUT TIME ZONE DEFAULT  
        '1970-01-01 00:00:00'::timestamp without time zone,  
    id INTEGER DEFAULT  
        nextval('public.static_radcheck_id_seq'::text) NOT NULL  
);
```

## Lejárások II.

```
CREATE VIEW kvf_radcheck AS
  SELECT kwa.id, kwa.username,
         'User-Password'::text AS attribute,
         '=='::text AS op, 'guestwifi'::text AS value
  FROM kvf_wifi_access kwa
 WHERE ((kwa.expire_date =
        '1970-01-01 00:00:00'::timestamp without time zone)
        OR ((kwa.expire_date)::timestamp with time zone > now()));
```

## Ellenőrzendő attributumok összekötése

```
CREATE VIEW radcheck AS
    SELECT id, Username, Attribute, op, Value
        FROM eduroam_radcheck UNION ALL
    SELECT id, Username, Attribute, op, Value
        FROM corvina_radcheck UNION ALL
    SELECT id, Username, Attribute, op, Value
        FROM kvt_radcheck UNION ALL
    SELECT id, Username, Attribute, op, Value
        FROM static_radcheck;
```

## Válaszolandó attributumok

```
radius=# SELECT * from radgroupreply;
```

id	groupname	attribute	op	value
1	eduroam	Service-Type	=	Framed-User
2	lwifi	Service-Type	=	Framed-User
3	lwifi	Tunnel-Type:1	=	13
4	lwifi	Tunnel-Medium-Type:1	=	6
5	lwifi	Tunnel-Private-Group-ID:1	=	210

```
(5 rows)
```

## Csoportok I.

```
CREATE VIEW eduroam_usergroup AS
    SELECT UserName || '@bibl.u-szeged.hu'::text AS UserName,
           'eduroam'::text AS GroupName, 0 AS priority FROM edusers;
CREATE VIEW corvina_usergroup AS
    SELECT UserName || '@bibl.u-szeged.hu'::text AS UserName,
           'eduroam'::text AS GroupName, 0 AS priority FROM corvusers;
CREATE VIEW kvt_usergroup AS
    SELECT 0 AS priority, kwa.username, 'lwifi'::text AS groupname
    FROM kvt_wifi_access kwa
    WHERE ((kwa.expire_date =
           '1970-01-01 00:00:00'::timestamp without time zone)
           OR ((kwa.expire_date)::timestamp with time zone > now())) ;
```

## Csoportok II.

```
CREATE VIEW usergroup AS
    SELECT UserName, GroupName, priority
        FROM eduroam_usergroup UNION ALL
    SELECT UserName, GroupName, priority
        FROM corvina_usergroup UNION ALL
    SELECT UserName, GroupName, priority
        FROM kvf_usergroup UNION ALL
    SELECT UserName, GroupName, priority
        FROM static_usergroup;
```

## „lejáratás”

/etc/freeradius/postgresql.conf:

```
postauth_query = "UPDATE kvf_wifi_access SET start_time = 'now', \  
    expire_date = now() + valid_period * interval '1 second' \  
    WHERE username = '%User-Name' \  
    AND start_time = '1970-01-01'::timestamp;"
```



## „Betárcsázós” példa

- Felhasználói azonosítás
- Egyéb attributumok (pl. fix ip, rate limit)

## Előfizetés-típusok

```
CREATE TABLE subtypes (  
    id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,  
    packname TEXT UNIQUE,  
    price INTEGER,  
    ratelimit TEXT,  
    fwmark INTEGER  
);
```

## Felhasználók

```
CREATE TABLE subscribers (  
    id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,  
    name TEXT,  
    login TEXT UNIQUE,  
    "password" TEXT,  
    email TEXT,  
    ftpquota INTEGER,  
    subt INTEGER REFERENCES subtypes(id)  
);
```

## Végpontok

```
CREATE TABLE netpoint (  
    ip INET PRIMARY KEY,  
    mac MACADDR,  
    reverse TEXT,  
    belongs INTEGER REFERENCES subscribers(id)  
);
```

## Jelszóellenőrzés

```
CREATE VIEW radpwcheck AS
    SELECT 0 AS id ,
           sub.login AS UserName,
           'User-Password'::text AS Attribute,
           '=='::text AS op,
           sub.password AS Value FROM public.subscribers sub ;

CREATE VIEW radcheck AS
    SELECT rpw.id, rpw.UserName, rpw.Attribute, rpw.op, rpw.Value
           FROM radpwcheck rpw UNION ALL
    SELECT src.id, src.UserName, src.Attribute, src.op, src.Value
           FROM static_radcheck src;
```

## Kiegészítő ötletek

- a; cleartext eltárolás+view+tárolteljárás
- b; cleartext bevitel egy táblába, ahova rule-al és tárolt eljárással a kívánt hash-eket letároljuk (opcionálisan a cleartext-et is)
- jogosultságok sql szinten beszabályozása (pl. radius szerver csak crypt()-elt jelszót tudjon select-elni)

## Előfizetés-típus vs. Rate-Limit

```
CREATE VIEW radgroup ratelimit AS
  SELECT id,
         packname AS GroupName,
         'Mikrotik-Rate-Limit'::text AS Attribute,
         '='::text AS op, ratelimit AS Value FROM public.subtypes;
CREATE VIEW radgroupreply AS
  SELECT rgrl.id, rgrl.GroupName, rgrl.Attribute, rgrl.op, rgrl.Value
  FROM radgroup ratelimit rgrl UNION ALL
  SELECT srr.id, srr.GroupName, srr.Attribute, srr.op, srr.Value
  FROM static_radgroupreply srr;
```

Megj.: A felhasználót bele kell tenni az előfizetésének megfelelő csoportba!

## Fix IP

```
CREATE VIEW radiprep AS
  SELECT 0 AS id,
         sub.login AS UserName,
         'Framed-IP-Address'::text AS Attribute,
         ':= '::text AS op, host(net.ip)::text AS Value
  FROM public.netpoint net join public.subscribers sub on belongs=id;
CREATE VIEW radreply AS
  SELECT rip.id, rip.UserName, rip.Attribute, rip.op, rip.Value
  FROM radiprep rip UNION ALL
  SELECT srr.id, srr.UserName, srr.Attribute, srr.op, srr.Value
  FROM static_radreply srr;
```



## Előfizetés-típus vs. Csoporttagság

```
CREATE VIEW radgroupsubtype AS
  SELECT sr.login AS UserName,
         st.packname AS GroupName,
         sr.id AS priority
  FROM public.subscribers sr
  JOIN public.subtypes st ON sr.subt=st.id;
```

```
CREATE VIEW usergroup AS
  SELECT rgst.username, rgst.groupname, rgst.priority
  FROM radgroupsubtype rgst UNION ALL
  SELECT sup.username, sup.groupname, sup.priority
  FROM static_usergroup sup;
```

## Wifi AP használati statisztika

```
radius=# SELECT nasipaddress,  
              sum(acctinputoctets) AS inbytes,  
              sum(acctoutputoctets) AS outbytes,  
              sum(acctsessiontime) as time  
          FROM radacct GROUP BY nasipaddress ;
```

nasipaddress	inbytes	outbytes	time
10.1.20.7	867620237436	2426845549902	58986
10.1.20.8	874377164753	2204377713865	1529068
10.1.20.3	311106808355	1145634452897	1250730
10.1.20.2	1823688024005	5910224360551	2281496
10.1.20.1	218044176865	546503489103	1501330

(5 rows)

## Havi statisztika I.

```
radius=# select sum(acctsessiontime) AS Time,  
               sum(acctinputoctets) AS inbytes,  
               sum(acctoutputoctets) AS outbytes,  
               CASE  
WHEN acctstarttime >'2006-01-01 00:00:00' AND  
     acctstarttime < '2006-02-01 00:00:00' THEN '2006 Jan'::text  
WHEN acctstarttime >'2006-02-01 00:00:00' AND  
     acctstarttime < '2006-03-01 00:00:00' THEN '2006 Feb'::text  
...  
WHEN acctstarttime >'2006-12-01 00:00:00' AND  
     acctstarttime < '2007-01-01 00:00:00' THEN '2006 Dec'::text  
ELSE 'Nem 2006'::text END AS month FROM radacct group by month ;
```

## Havi statisztika II.

time	inbytes	outbytes	month
2473525	952836390429	1685872685188	2006 Jan
3615012	1216182006767	3535199540846	2006 Feb
4283783	9972777554503	16575736347100	2006 Mar
2867992	3142345495240	5594229160085	2006 Apr
3596517	1987676878308	4441777734909	2006 May
2834506	804848847436	1825844487908	2006 Jun
2232458	1484048661591	2874316867047	2006 Jul
3398311	1303115272811	3152940391135	2006 Aug
4803248	1863407636928	5421228279910	2006 Sep
5122465	5040280320420	9241454069326	2006 Okt
5746381	3573540573888	8060708059590	2006 Nov
5348109	2094770601856	4970810330180	2006 Dec

## További ötletek

- Letöltéskorlátos előfizetés: radreply és accounting táblák összekapcsolásával
- Időkorlátos előfizetés: radreply és accounting táblák összekapcsolásával
- Adott havi forgalom után „bünti” attributumok
- ...

online cím:

`http://www.bibl.u-szeged.hu  
/~pasztor/nif2k7radsql/`